Extract for Race Category 4 Monohulls JANUARY 2020 - DECEMBER 2021

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Because this is an extract not all paragraph numbers will be present

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Official interpretations shall take precedence over these Special Regulations and will be indexed, numbered, dated and displayed on the World Sailing web site www.sailing.org/specialregs

Language & Abbreviations Used

Mo - Monohull

Mu - Multihull

" ** " means the item applies to all types of boat in all Categories except 5 for which see Appendix B or 6 for which see Appendix C.

RED TYPE indicates significant changes in 2020

Guidance notes and recommendations have been removed from the Regulations and are available on www.sailing.org/documents/offshorespecialregs/index.php

The use of the masculine gender shall be taken to mean either gender

Administration

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The Offshore Special Regulation are administered by the World Sailing Special Regulation Sub-Committee whose terms of reference are as follows: (www.sailing.org/regulations)

World Sailing Regulation 6.9.8.3 - The Special Regulations Sub-Committee shall: (a) be responsible for the maintenance, revision and changes to the World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations governing offshore racing, under licence from ORC Ltd. Such changes shall be biennial with revised editions published in January of each even year, except that matters of an urgent nature affecting safety may be dealt with by changes to the Regulations on a shorter time scale;

(b) monitor developments in offshore racing relative to the standards of safety and seaworthiness.

Any queries please E-Mail: technical@sailing.org

SECTION 1 - FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS

1.01 **Purpose and Use** ** 1.01.1 The purpose of the Offshore Special Regulations (OSR) is to establish uniform minimum equipment, accommodation and training standards for monohull and multihull (excluding proa) boats racing offshore. ** 1.01.2 The OSR do not replace, but rather supplement, the requirements of governmental authority, Classification Society certification, the Racing Rules of Sailing (RRS), Equipment Rules of Sailing(ERS), class rules and Rating Systems. ** 1.01.3 Use of the OSR does not guarantee total safety of the boat and her crew. Particular attention is drawn to the description of OSRs for inshore racing which includes that adequate shelter and or effective rescue is available all along the

- 1.02 Responsibility of Person in Charge
- 1.02.1 Under RRS 4 the responsibility for a boat's decision to participate in a

course. This is not included in more onerous OSR categories.

race or continue racing is hers alone. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and inescapable responsibility of the Person in Charge who shall do his best to ensure that the boat is fully found, thoroughly seaworthy and manned by an experienced and appropriately trained crew who are physically fit to face bad weather. The person in charge shall also assign a person to take over his responsibilities in the event of his incapacitation.

- 1.02.2 Neither the establishment of the OSR, nor their use by Organizing Authorities, nor the inspection of a boat under the OSR in any way limits or reduces the complete and unlimited responsibility of the Person in Charge.
- 1.02.3 By participating in a race conducted under the OSR, the person in charge, each competitor and boat owner agrees to reasonably cooperate with the organizing authority and World Sailing in the development of an independent incident report as specified in 2.02

1.03 Definitions, Abbreviations, Word Usage

1.03.1 Definitions of Terms used in this document

Abbreviation Description # Pound force (lbf)

ABS American Bureau of Shipping
Age Date Month/year of first launch
AIS Automatic Identification Syste

AIS Automatic Identification Systems
CEN Comité Européen de Normalisation

Coaming The part of the cockpit, including the transverse after limit, over which

water would run when the boat is floating level and the cockpit is filled

to overflowing

COLREGS International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea

Contained A cockpit where the combined area open aft to the sea is less than

Cockpit 50% maximum cockpit depth x maximum cockpit width

CPR Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation

Crewmember Every person on board DSC Digital Selective Calling

EN European Norm

EPIRB Emergency Position-Indicating Radio Beacon ERS World Sailing - Equipment Rules of Sailing

FA Station The transverse station at which the upper corner of the transom meets

the sheerline.

First Launch Month & year of first launch of the individual boat

Foul-Weather Clothing designed to keep the wearer dry and may consist of one piece

Suit or several

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress & Safety System

GNSS Global Navigation Satellite System

GPS Global Positioning System

Hatch The term hatch includes the entire hatch assembly including the lid or

cover as part of that assembly

HMPE High Modulus Polyethylene (Dyneema®/Spectra® or equivalent)

IMO International Maritime Organisation

IMSO The International Mobile Satellite Organisation, the independent,

intergovernmental organisation that oversees Inmarsat's performance of its Public Service Obligations for the GMDSS and reports on these to

OMI

INMARSAT Inmarsat Global Limited is the private company that provides GMDSS

satellite distress and safety communications, plus general

communications via voice, fax and data

ISAF International Sailing Federation- (now World Sailing)

ISO International Standard Organization or International Organization for

Standardization.

ITU International Telecommunications Union

Jackstay A securely fastened webbing or rope which permits a crewmember to

move from one part of the boat to another without having to unclip a

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safety harness tether.

LH Hull Length as defined by the ERS

Lifeline Rope or wire line rigged as guardrail / guardline around the deck

LSA IMO International Life-Saving Appliance Code

LWL (Length of) loaded waterline

Monohull A boat with one hull

Moveable Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or Ballast influencing stability and/or trim and which may be moved transversely

but not varied in weight while a boat is racing

Multihull A boat with more than one hull

Open Cockpit A cockpit that is not a Contained Cockpit.

ORC Offshore Racing Congress (formerly Offshore Racing Council)

OSR Offshore Special Regulation(s)

Permanently The item is effectively built-in by e.g. bolting, welding, glassing etc.

Installed and may not be removed for or during racing.

PLB Personal Locator Beacon

Primary Month & Year of first launch of the first boat of the production series or

Launch first launch of a non-series boat

Proa Asymmetric Catamaran

Rode Rope, chain, or a combination of both, which is used to connect an

anchor to the boat.

RRS ISAF - Racing Rules of Sailing

Safety Line A tether used to connect a safety harness to a strong point

SAR Search and Rescue

SART Search and Rescue Transponder

Securely Held strongly in place by a method (e.g. rope lashings, wing-nuts) Fastened which will safely retain the fastened object in severe conditions

including a 180° capsize and allows for the item to be removed and

replaced during racing

SOLAS Safety of Life at Sea Convention

SSS The Safety and Stability Screening numeral

Static Ballast Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or to

influencing stability and/or trim and which is not moved or varied in

weight while a boat is racing

Static Safety A safety line (usually shorter than a safety line carried with a harness)

Line kept clipped on at a work-station STIX ISO 12217-2 Stability Index

Variable Ballast Water carried for the sole purpose of influencing stability and/or trim

and which may be varied in weight and/or moved while a boat is

racina.

Waterline The water surface when the boat is floating in measurement trim

World Sailing formerly the International Sailing Federation or ISAF

1.03.2 The words "shall" and "must" are mandatory, and "should" and "may" are

permissive.

1.03.3 The word "yacht" shall be taken as fully interchangeable with the word "boat".

SECTION 2 - APPLICATION & GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

2.01 Categories of Events

2.01 Organizing Authorities shall select from one of the following categories and may modify the OSR to suit local conditions

2.01.5 Category 4

MoMu4 Short races, close to shore in relatively warm or protected waters normally held in daylight.

2.02 Incident Reporting

2.02 The Organizing Authority of a race will establish whether any incidents occurred, which if reported would be likely to be relevant to evolving the Offshore Special Regulations, the plan review process, or in increasing safety. The Organizing Authority will follow any guidelines issued by World Sailing concerning incident reporting.

2.03 Inspection

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**	2.03	A boat may be inspected at any time. If she fails to comply with the OSR her entry may be rejected or she will be subject to protest				
	2.04	General Requirements				
**	2.04.1	All equipment required by OSR shall:				
**	a)	function properly				
**	b)	be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced				
**	c)	if it has an expiry date, it will not have exceeded its expiry date whilst racing				
** **	d)	when not in use be stowed in conditions in which deterioration is minimised				
**	e)	be readily accessible				
100	f)	be of a type, size and capacity suitable and adequate for the intended use and size of the boat.				
**	2.04.2	Heavy items shall be permanently installed or securely fastened				
SECTION 3 - 9		IRAL FEATURES, STABILITY, FIXED EQUIPMENT				
**		A boat shall be/have:				
	3.01	Strength of Build and Rig				
**	3.01.1	Properly rigged, fully seaworthy and shall meet the OSR				
**	3.01.2	Equipped with shrouds and at least one forestay that shall remain connected to				
_		the mast and the boat while racing				
	3.02	Watertight and Structural Integrity of a Boat				
**	3.02.1	Essentially watertight and all openings shall be capable of being immediately				
		secured. Centreboard, daggerboard trunks and the like shall not open into the				
		interior of a hull except via a watertight maintenance hatch with the opening				
	2.04	entirely above the Waterline				
	3.04 3.06	Stability - Monohulls Exits - Monohulls				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.1	At least two exits if 8.5 m (28') LH and greater and with a Primary Launch after				
1100,1,2,3,7	5.00.1	1994. One exit shall be located forward of the foremost mast except where				
		structural features prevent its installation				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.2	The following minimum clear hatch openings if First Launch after 2013:				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	a)	a circular hatch with diameter 450 mm (18"); or				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	any other shape with minimum dimension of 380 mm (15") and minimum area of				
		0.18 m ² (1.9 ft ²) (see figure 1)				
Mo0,1,2,3,4		200				
		380				
		Figure 1 - Measurements of Minimum Clear Opening				
	3.08	Hatches & Companionways				
**	3.08.1	Hatch covers forward of the maximum beam station shall not open toward the				
		interior of the boat, except hatches in the side of a coachroof or ports having an				
		area of less than 0.071 m ² (110 in ²)				
**	3.08.2	A hatch, including a hatch over a locker shall be:				
**	a)	permanently attached and capable of being firmly shut immediately and				
		remaining firmly shut in a 180° capsize				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	above the water when the boat is heeled 90°				
Mo0,1,2,3,4		A boat may have a maximum of two hatches on each side of centerline that do				
		not conform to the requirement in b), provided that the opening of each is less				
	2 00 2	than 0.0712 m (110 in ²)				
	3.08.3	Hatches not conforming with 3.08.1 and 3.08.2 shall be clearly labelled and used in accordance with the following instruction "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA"				
**	3.08.4	Companionway hatches:				
**	a)	fitted with a strong securing arrangement which shall be operable from the				
	~ <i>)</i>	exterior and interior even when the boat is inverted				
**	b)	blocking devices:				
**	i	capable of being retained in position with the hatch open or shut				

**	ii	secured to the boat (e.g. by lanyard) for the duration of the race
**	iii	permit exit in the event of inversion
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5	if a monohull with Open Cockpit(s):
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5	a companionway sill that does not extend below the local sheerline; or
M-0 1 2 2 4	a)	a companion was in full compliance with ICO 11012 actors A
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	a companionway in full compliance with ISO 11812 category A
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.6	if a monohull with Contained Cockpit(s) where the companionway extends below the local sheerline, panels capable of blocking the companionway up to the level
		of the local sheerline whilst giving access to the interior.
	3.09	Cockpits
**	3.09.1	Cockpits that self-drain quickly by gravity at all angles of heel and are
	310311	permanently incorporated as an integral part of the boat
**	3.09.2	A cockpit sole at least 2% LWL above the waterline (or in IMS boats with First
		Launch before 2003, at least 2% L above the waterline)
**	3.09.3	A bow, lateral, central or stern well is a cockpit for the purposes of OSR 3.09
**	3.09.4	Cockpit Volume
**		The maximum combined volume below lowest coamings of all contained cockpits
		shall be:
Extract	a)	primary launch before April 1992: 9% (LWL x maximum beam x freeboard
MoMu2,3,4		abreast the cockpit)
**	b)	primary launch after March 1992 as above for the appropriate category except
		that "lowest coamings" shall not include any aft of the FA station and no
		extension of a cockpit aft of the working deck shall be included in calculation of
	2 00 5	cockpit volume
**	3.09.5	Cockpit Drains Cockpit drain gross section area of unabetructed enonings (after allowance for
1111		Cockpit drain cross section area of unobstructed openings (after allowance for
**	a)	screens if fitted) shall be at least that of: 2 x 25 mm (1") diameter or equivalent for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH
**	a) b)	4 x 20 mm (3/4") diameter or equivalent for a boat 8.5 m (28') LH or greater
	3.10	Sea Cocks or Valves
**	3.10	Permanently installed sea cocks or valves on all through-hull openings below the
	0.20	waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls
	3.11	Sheet Winches
**	3.11	Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be
		substantially below deck
	3.12	Mast Step
**	3.12	The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining
		structure
ata da	3.14	Pulpits, Stanchions, Lifelines
**	3.14.1	The perimeter of the deck surrounded by system of lifelines and pulpits as
**	- \	follows:
<i>ተተ</i>	a)	Continuous lifelines fixed only at (or near) the bow and stern. However a gate on
		each side of a boat is permitted. Except at its end fittings and at gates, the movement of a lifeline in a fore-and-aft direction shall not be constrained.
		Temporary sleeving shall not modify tension in the lifeline.
**	b)	Minimum heights of lifelines and pulpit rails above the working deck and vertical
	b)	openings:
**	i	upper: 600 mm (24")
**	ii	intermediate: 230 mm (9")
**	iii	vertical opening: no greater than 380 mm (15") except that on a boat with a
		Primary Launch before 1993 where it shall be no greater than 560 mm (22")
MoMu3,4	iv	a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH may use a single lifeline system with a height
		between 450 mm (18") and 560 mm (22")
**	c)	Lifelines permanently supported at intervals of not more than 2.2 m (7'-2 1/2")
		and shall not pass outboard of supporting stanchions
**	d)	Pulpit and stanchion bases permanently installed with pulpits and stanchions
Je Je	,	mechanically retained in their bases
**	e)	The outside of pulpit and stanchion base tubes no further inboard from the edge
		of the working deck than 5% of maximum beam or 150 mm (6"), whichever is

		greater, nor further outboard than the edge of the working deck
**	f)	Stanchions straight and vertical except that:
**	i	within the first 50 mm (2") from the deck, stanchions shall not be displaced horizontally from the point at which they emerge from the deck or stanchion base
		by more than 10 mm (3/8")
**	ii	stanchions may be angled to not more than 10° from vertical at any point above 50 mm (2") from the deck
**	g)	A bow pulpit may be open provided the opening between the pulpit and any part of the boat does not exceed 360 mm (14")
**		

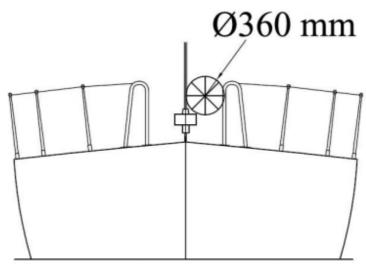
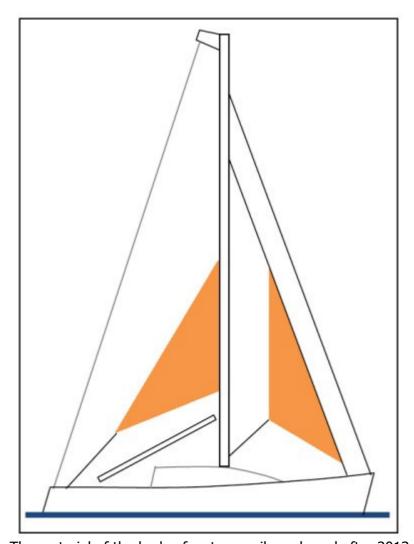


		Figure 2 - Diagram Sho	owing Pulpit Opening		
**	h)		e at or pass through adequate	ely braced stanchions set	
		inside and overlapping			
**	i)	_	-	o a lifeline at the mid-point of	
			een supports that are aft of the	ne mast, the deflection shall	
		not exceed:			
**	i 	50 mm (2") for an upper			
**	ii	120 mm (4 ¾") for an	intermediate lifeline		
	3.14.3	Spare number			
	3.14.4	Spare number			
	3,14.5	Spare number			
	3.14.6	•	าร		
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6	Lifelines of either:			
	a)				
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6	stranded stainless	steel wire		
	a) i				
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6	HMPE			
	a) ii				
**	3.14.6	The minimum diameter	r is specified in table 8 below		
	b)				
**	3.14.6	Stainless steel lifelines shall be uncoated and used without close-fitting sleeving,			
	c)	, , ,	eeving may be fitted provided	d it is regularly removed for	
		inspection.			
**	3.14.6		ope may be used to secure I		
	d)		100 mm (4"). This lanyard s		
**	3.14.6	•	ifeline enclosure system shal	I have a breaking strength no	
	e)	less than the lifeline			
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6		shall be protected from chafe	e and spliced in accordance	
	f)		s recommended procedures		
	LH		HMPE rope (Single braid)	HMPE Core (Braid on braid)	
		diameter	min. lifeline diameter	min. lifeline diameter	
	under	3mm (1/8")	4mm (5/32")	4mm (5/32")	
	8.5m (28')			- (- (- 1))	
	8.5m -	4mm (5/32")	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")	

	13m over 13	Sm	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")		
	(42' 8")		,	, ,	(· ,		
MoMu3,4	3.18 3.18.2 3.19	Toil Pern Bun	nanently installed	l toilet or fitted bu	cket		
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.19.2 3.21	Permanently installed bunks Drinking Water Tanks & Drinking Water					
	3.21.1	Drir	nking Water Ta				
**	3.22 3.22	-	id Holds quate hand holds	: fitted below deck			
	3.23	Bilg	Adequate hand holds fitted below deck Bilge Pumps and Buckets				
**	3.23.1 a)	two	strong buckets,	each with a lanyar	d and of at least 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity		
Mo3Mu0,1,2	3.23.1 b)	one	permanently inst	called manual bilge	e pump		
Mo4	3.23.1 b)	one	manual bilge pui	mp			
**	3.23.2	seat	s, hatches and co	ompanionways shu	pumps shall be operable with all cockpit at and with permanently installed discharge		
**	3.23.3	Bilge	•	•	cockpit drains and shall not discharge into		
**	3.23.4	Bilge	•	readily accessible	for maintenance and for clearing out		
**	3.23.5		emovable bilge p	ump handles retai	ned by a lanyard		
MoMu0,1,2,3,4	3.24 3.24		1pass nanently installed	l marine magnetic	steering compass, independent of any		
	b) 3.25	pow	<u>-</u>	tly adjusted with o			
**	3.25 a)	A mi	inimum of two ha	alyards, each capa	ble of hoisting a sail, on each mast		
	3.27 3.27.1	that (Par	t C and Technica		lations for Preventing Collisions at Sea all be exhibited as required by those		
**	3.27.2	mou	I <mark>lations.</mark> Inted above shee ing of the boat	rline and so that t	hey will not be masked by sails or the		
**	3.27.4	spar	e bulbs (not requ	-			
	3.28 3.28.1	_	ines, Generato pulsion Engine	-			
**	3.28.1				ed in accordance with their manufacturers'		
1 44 44	a)	_			intended use of the boat		
**	3.28.1 d)	syste			ve a permanently installed exhaust, cooling nall have adequate heavy weather		
**	3.28.1 e)	an ir insta	nboard electrical alled power supp		d, shall be provided with a permanently weather protection and have an engine		
	3.28.2		rol system. erator				
**	3.28.2	If ar	n optional genera		the propulsion engine is carried, it shall be acturer's guidelines		
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.4 a)	a de	dicated engine/g	enerator starting l	battery when an electric starter is the only separate generator		
**	3.28.4	batte	eries installed aft	er 2011 shall be o	f the sealed type from which liquid		
**	b) 3.28.4		trolyte cannot es ne start a boat w	•	ine shall carry sufficient capacity to meet		
	c)	elect		ts for the duration	of the race and to motor at the above		
•	3.29		•	quipment, GPS,	Radar, AIS		

MoMu1,2,3,4	3.29.5	a hand-held marine VHF transceiver, watertight or with a waterproof cover. When
		not in use to be stowed in a grab bag or emergency container (see OSR 4.21)
**	3.29.6	a second radio receiver, which may be the handheld VHF in 3.29.5 above,
SECTION 4 - I		capable of receiving weather bulletins E EQUIPMENT
SECTION 4 - F	OKTABL	A boat shall have:
	4.01	Sail Letters & Numbers
**	4.01.1	Identification on sails which complies with RRS 77 and RRS Appendix G
	4.02	Search and Rescue Visibility
	4.03	Soft Wood Plugs
**	4.03	A tapered soft wood plug stowed adjacent to every through-hull opening
	4.04	Jackstays and Clipping Points
**	4.05	Fire Fighting Equipment
	4.05.1	A fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device with an open flame
MoMu4	4.05.2 4.06	2 fire extinguishers in different parts of the boat Anchors
MoMu4	4.06.2	1 un-modified anchor that meets the anchor manufacturer's recommendation
Monda	7.00.2	based on the boat's dimensions with suitable combination of chain and rope,
		ready for immediate assembly, and ready for deployment within 5 minutes.
	4.07	Flashlights and Searchlights
**	4.07.1	Watertight lights with spare batteries and bulbs as follows:
	4.08	First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit
**	4.08	A First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit. The contents and storage of the First Aid Kit
		shall reflect the likely conditions and duration of the passage, and the number of
	4.00	crew
**	4.09 4.09	Foghorn
	4.09 4.10	A foghorn Radar Reflector
**	4.10.1	A passive radar reflector with:
**	4.10.1	octahedral circular plates of minimum diameter 30 cm (12"), or
	a)	
**	4.10.1	octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or
	b)	
**	4.10.1	a non-octahedral reflector with a documented Root Mean Square minimum Radar
	c)	Cross Section (RCS) area of 2 m ² (22 ft ²) from 0-360° of azimuth and ±20° of
	4.11	heel Navigation Equipment
**	4.11	Navigational charts (not solely electronic), light list and chart plotting equipment
	4.12	Safety Equipment Location Chart
**	4.12	A safety equipment location diagram in durable waterproof material, clearly
		displayed in the main accommodation, marked with the location of principal items
		of safety equipment
	4.13	Depth, Speed and Distance Instruments
MoMu,1,2,3,4	4.13.2	A depth sounder
	4.14	Spare Number
	4.15 4.16	Emergency Steering Tools and Spare Parts
**	4.16.1	Tools and spare parts, suitable for the duration and nature of the passage
**	4.16.2	An effective means to quickly disconnect or sever the standing rigging from the
		boat
	4.17	Boat's name
**	4.17	The boat's name on miscellaneous buoyant equipment, such as lifejackets,
		cushions, lifebuoys, recovery slings, grab bags etc.
	4.18	Retro-reflective material
**	4.18	Marine grade retro-reflective material on lifebuoys, recovery slings, liferafts and
	4 40	lifejackets
	4.19 4.20	EPIRBs Liferafts
	4.20 4.20.1	
	7.20.1	

4.20.3 4.20.4	Liferaft Spare N	Packing and Stowage lumber	
4.21 f)	If a grab area of f	bag is provided it shall have inholuorescent orange colour on the	outside, shall be marked with the name
4.22	Crew O	verboard Identification and R	lecovery
4.22.1	Locator I	Beacons	
4.22.2	GPS Crev	w Overboard Position	
4.22.3			tle and a drogue within reach of the
4.22.6			
4.22.7			liameter, 15 - 25 m (50 - 75') long,
4.23	•	•	
4.23	Pyrotech Visual Si	nic signals shall be provided conf gnals and not older than the stan	•
Race Ca			Orange Smoke Flares LSA III 3.3
	- ,		2
		•	2
4.24	Spare Nu	ımber	
4.25	•		
4.25	A strong	, sharp knife, sheathed and secui	rely restrained shall be provided readily
4.26		•	
4.26.1	Design	•	
	4.20.3 4.20.4 4.21 4.21 f) 4.22 4.22.1 4.22.2 4.22.3 4.22.6 4.22.7 4.23 4.23 Race Ca MoMu0 MoMu4 4.24 4.25 4.25	4.20.3 Liferaft 4.20.4 Spare N 4.21 Grab Ba 4.21 f) If a grab area of f of the bo 4.22 Crew Or 4.22.1 Locator N 4.22.2 GPS Crev 4.22.3 a lifebuo helmsma 4.22.6 Each infl intervals 4.22.7 A heavin readily a 4.23 Pyrotech Visual Signate star Race Category MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu4 4.24 Spare Nu 4.25 Cockpit 4.25 A strong accessibl 4.26 Storm 8	 4.21 f) If a grab bag is provided it shall have inhorarea of fluorescent orange colour on the of the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and decided in the boat, and shall have a lanyard and s



**	4.26.1 a)	The material of the body of a storm sail purchased after 2013 shall have a highly-visible colour (e.g. dayglo pink, orange or yellow)
**	4.26.1 b)	Aromatic polyamides, carbon and similar fibres shall not be used in a trysail or storm jib but HMPE and similar materials are permitted
**	4.26.1 c)	Sheeting positions on deck for each storm and heavy-weather sail
**	4.26.1 d)	Sheeting positions for the trysail independent of the boom
**	,	
	4.26.2	Sail Areas
**	4.26.2	The maximum area of storm and heavy weather sails shall be lesser of the areas below or as specified by the boat designer or sailmaker
**	4.26.2 a) i	area of 13.5% height of the foretriangle (IG) squared
**	4.26.2 a) ii	readily available means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
**	4.26.2 c)	For sails made after 2011: Storm and heavy weather jib areas calculated as: (0.255×1) luff length x (luff perpendicular + 2 x half width))
	4.26.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MoMu4	4.26.3	either mainsail reefing to reduce the luff by 12.5% or a heavy-weather jib as
	a)iii	defined in 4.26.2 a) (or heavy-weather sail in a boat with no forestay)
	4.28	Spare Number
•	4.29	Deck Bags
	4.30	Emergency Pumps
	4.30.1	either fixed or portable pump to remove ingress water from any compartment.
	4.30.1 a)	This pump shall:
	4.30.1	have a minimum rated capacity of 200 l/min

b)

		Appendix E - World Sailing Code for the organisation of Oceanic Races Appendix F - Standard Inspection Card Appendix G - Model Training Course Appendix H - Model First Aid Training Course Appendix J - Hypothermia Appendix K - Drogues and sea anchors
		Appendix B - For Inshore Racing Appendix C - For Inshore Dinghy Racing Appendix D - A guide to ISO and other Standards
	6.06	Diving Training APPENDICES TO SPECIAL REGULATIONS Appendix A - Moveable and Variable Ballast
MoMu3,4	6.05.3	At least one member of the crew shall be familiar with First Aid procedures, hypothermia, drowning, cardio-pulmonary resuscitation and relevant communications systems
	b) 6.05	Medical Training
**	6.04	Abandonment of vessel
**		At least annually the crews shall practice the drills for: Crew-Overboard Recovery
**	6.02 6.03 6.04 6.04	Training Topics Spare Number Routine Training On-Board
**	5.01.4 5.07	The person in charge shall personally check each lifejacket at least once annually Survival Equipment SECTION 6 - TRAINING
**	5.01.1 f)	if inflatable, regulalrly checked for air retention
**	5.01.1 c)	be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name
**	5.01.1 a) ii	crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
**	5.01.1 a) ii	if manufactured after 2011 comply with ISO 12402-3 (Level 150) and be fitted with a whistle, lifting loop, reflective material automatic/manual gas inflation system
**	5.01.1 a)i)	have crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
**	5.01.1 a)i)	if inflatable have a gas inflation system
**	5.01.1 a)i)	if manufactured before 2012 comply with ISO 12402 - 3 (Level 150) or equivalent, including EN 396 or UL 1180 and:
**	5.01.1	A lifejacket which shall:
^	5.01	Each crew member shall have: Lifejacket
**	f)	meet the above requirement. SECTION 5 - PERSONAL EQUIPMENT
	e) 4.30.1	A combination of permanently installed and portable pumps may be combined to
	d) 4.30.1	have sufficient hose to discharge directly overboard or into the cockpit.
	c) 4.30.1	if portable electric-powered, power cables to be terminated with alligator clips
	4.30.1	be operated by battery, main engine powered or a separate engine